

# Future and Present solutions for Coal Power Plants

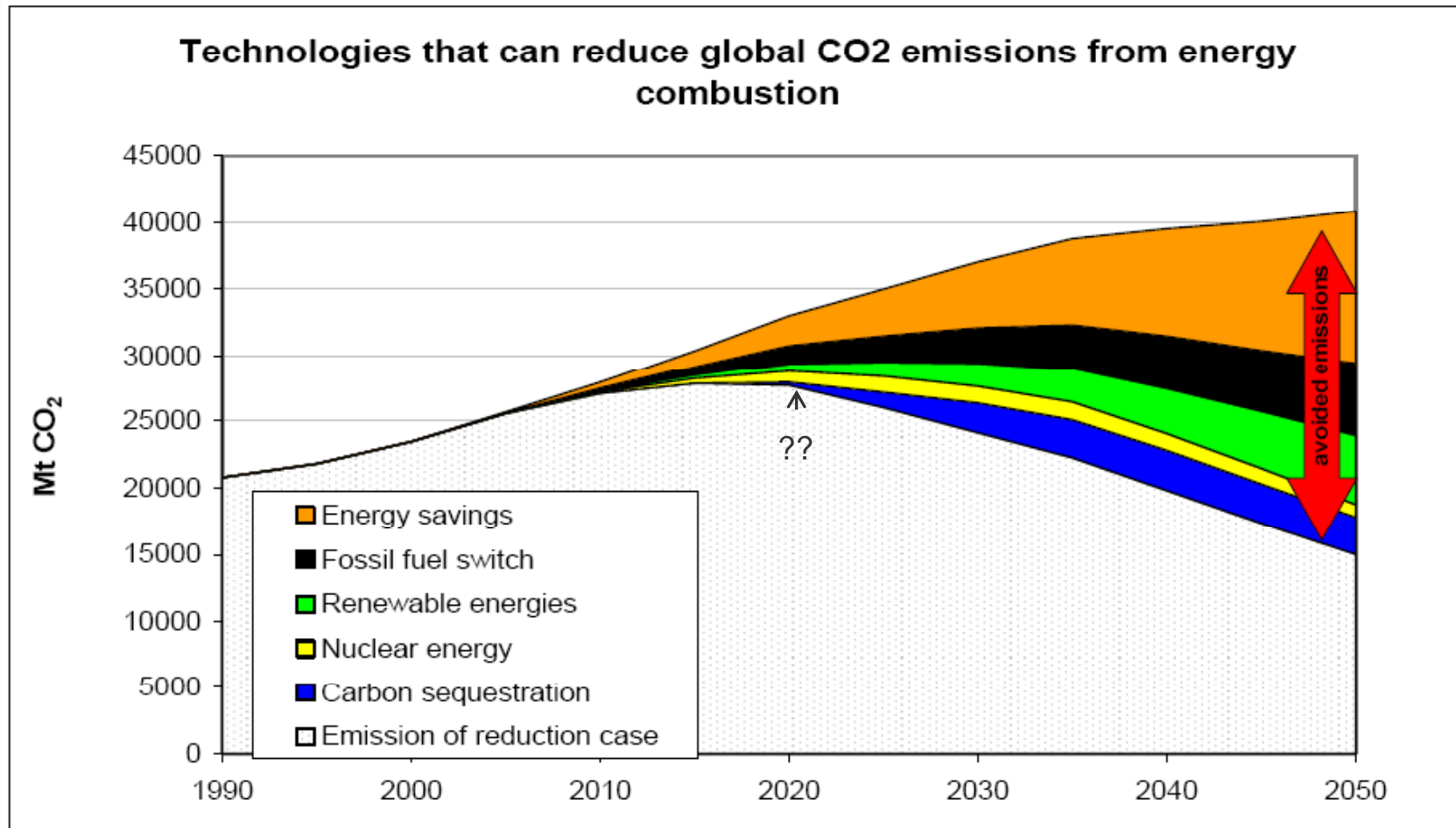
ASSOCARBONI

Rome, 22 March 2013

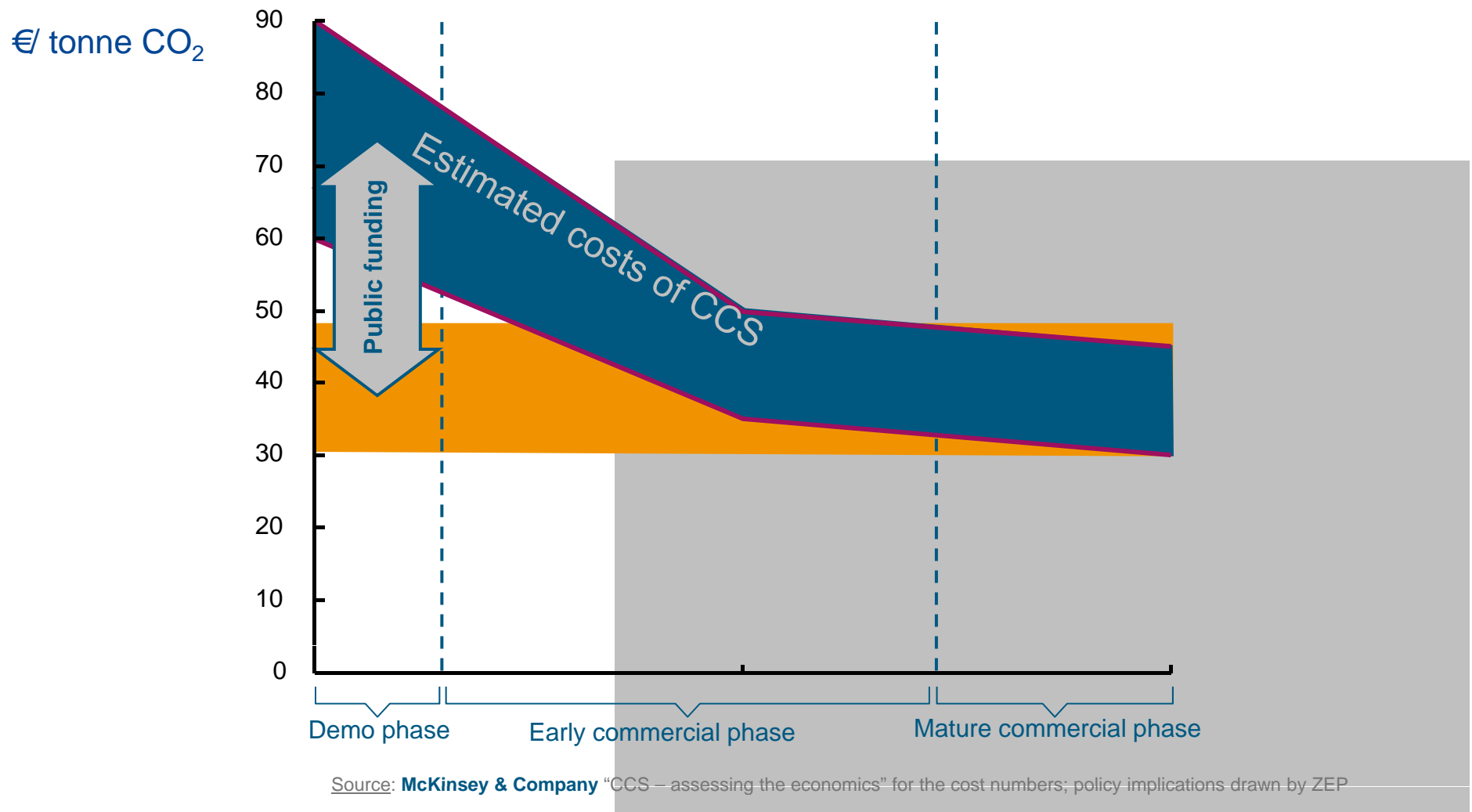
POWER |

**ALSTOM**

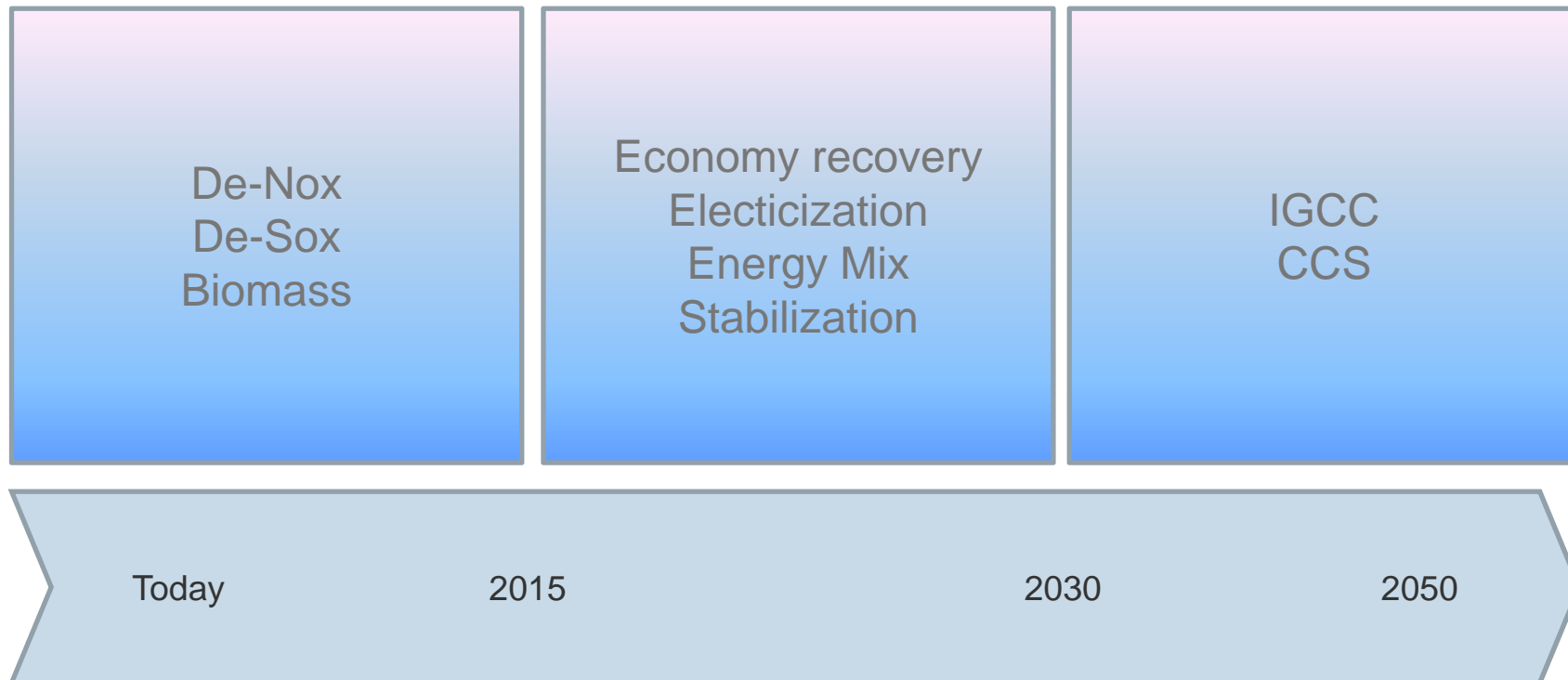
# Emissions reduction is definitively necessary



# Economics of Carbon Capture and Storage



# Present and future



# Production Efficiency: New Plants



**Coal**

↗ Efficiency

30% to 50%

↘ CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

40%



**Gas**

40% to 60%

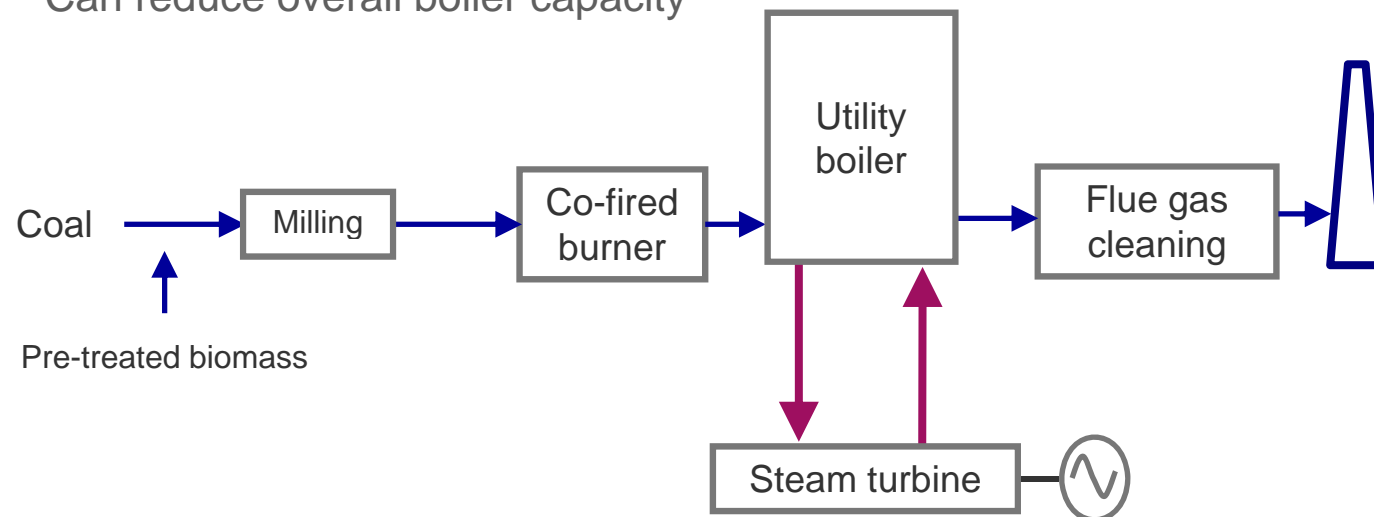
33%

60% of the 2030 installed base still to be built

# Biomass Co-milling

**Blending with Coal and Co-milling** – typically fire up to 5-8% mass

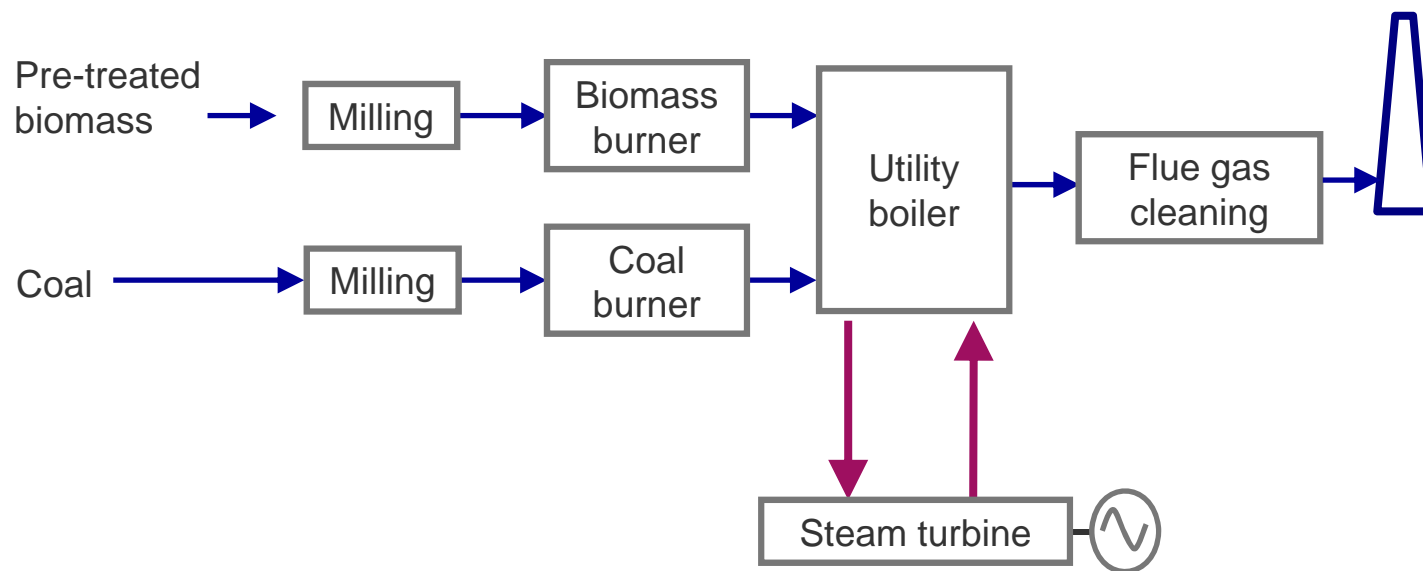
- Lowest cost
- Blend with coal before milling
- Use existing mills
- Output limitation
- Stringy material can be problematic
- Can reduce overall boiler capacity



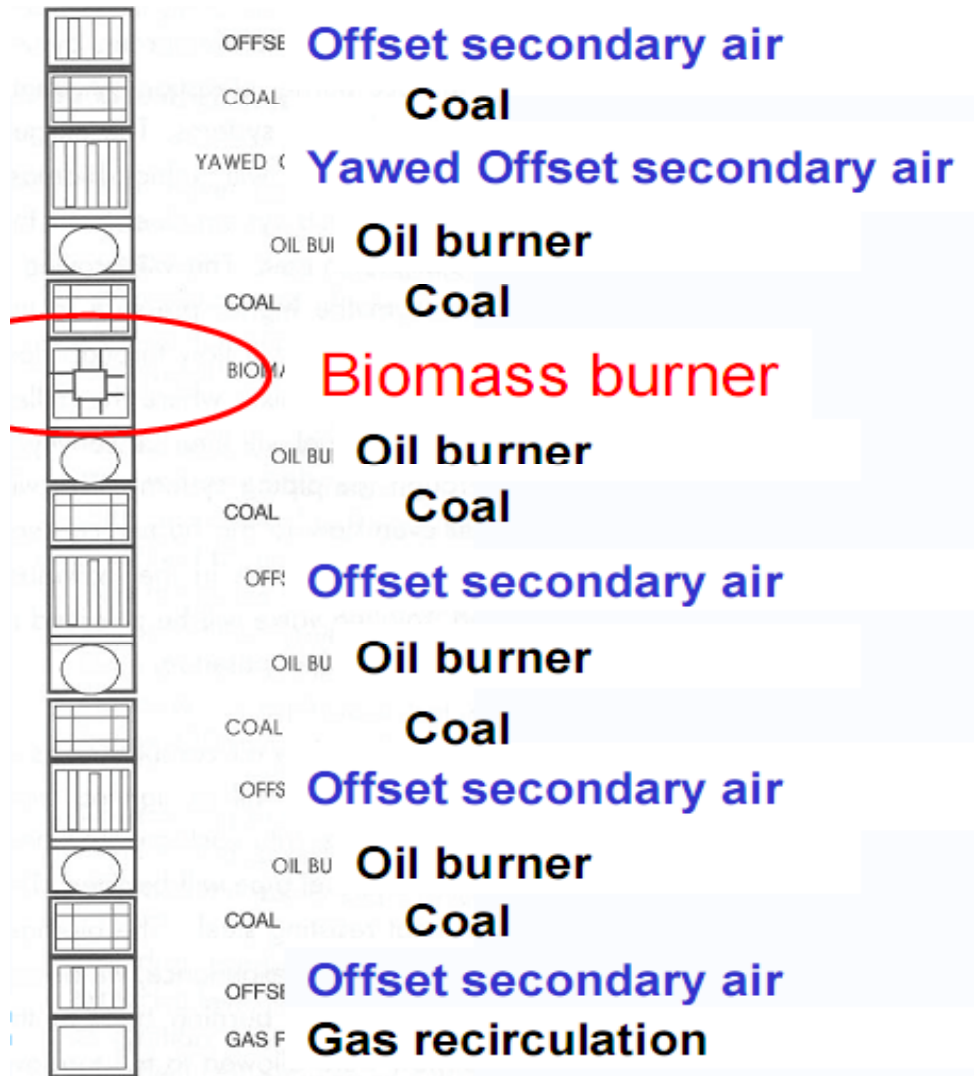
# Dedicated Biomass Co-firing

## Direct Injection with dedicated systems - > 10% by mass

- More flexible,
- Higher output
- Equipment's can be specifically sized for biomass
- Minimal outage requirements



# Burners (3)





# Effect of Biomass Thermal Input on Firing Rate

The figure below considers a 500 MWe boiler having 200 t/h coal feed at maximum load.

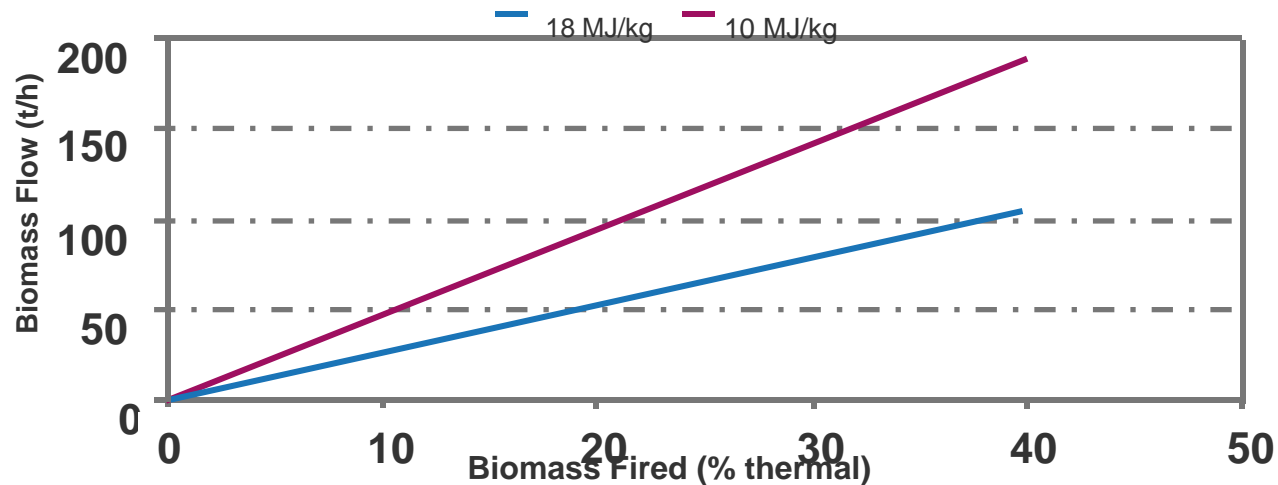
Comparison:

Heating values 50-70% with respect to coal




Bulk density of biomass fuels 20% of coal

overall fuel density of biomass in MJ/m<sup>3</sup> approx 10% of coal.

Considering a replacement of 5% thermal energy, 15 t/h biomass flow is necessary requiring a **2000 m<sup>3</sup>** bulk storage area.

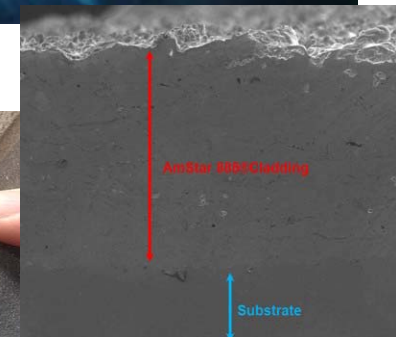
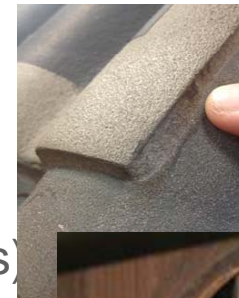


# Available tech. and R&D to boost biomass co-firing

- Area of concerns:
  - Burners may suffer from accelerated wear and corrosion 
  - Mills rotating parts may suffer from erosion/corrosion 
  - Water Walls and High Temperature pressure part materials may suffer from Chloride attack and accelerated corrosion 
- Solutions:
  - Advanced burner design to reduce maintenance time. Define maintenance intervals.
  - Patented materials having high resistance for wear and corrosion applied to mills, burners and fan impellers
  - Patented weld over-lay material for pressure parts

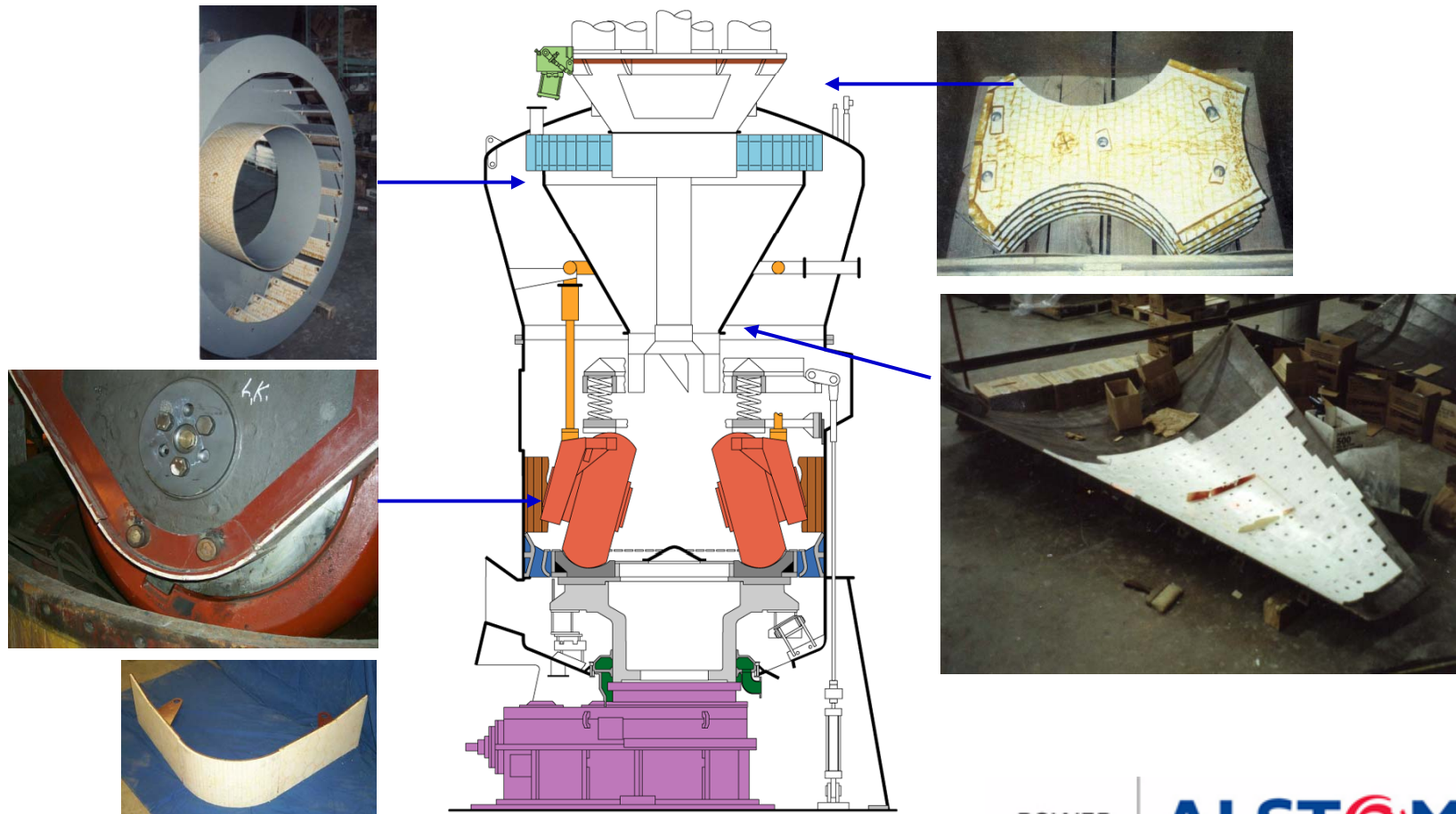
# Boiler Service Addressing Erosion / Corrosion

- Alstom patented technology AmStar 888® thermal spray cladding
- Dependable and predictable waterwall protection against corrosion and erosion (incl. CO corrosion following LowNO<sub>x</sub> implementation)
- Scalable in thickness, maintainable and repairable
- Field designed for easy application with 10 years of field experience
- Successfully applied in PC (62 units), CFB (40 units), WTE (21 units) boiler types, improving availability and significantly decreasing the total cost of ownership
- Alstom is validating this technology with Enel in Fusina and Sulcis



# PSDE – Ceramic Wear Protection

Use of ceramic materials to lengthen lifetime and availability of components



© ALSTOM 2007. All rights reserved. Information contained in this document is provided without liability for information purposes only and is subject to change without notice. No representation or warranty is given or to be implied as to the completeness of information or fitness for any particular purpose. Reproduction, use or disclosure to third parties, without express written authority, is strictly prohibited.

[www.alstom.com](http://www.alstom.com)

POWER |

**ALSTOM**